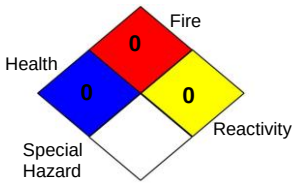
LENOX **Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)**	**USA** * See Sec. VIII **HMIS INDEX** Health Index-0 Flammability-0 Reactivity-0 Personal Protection-A*	**NFPA CODE**  	**CANADA** WHMIS INDEX Health-0 Flammability-0 Reactivity-0 Personal Protection-A*

SECTION I		**Emergency Telephone**
Trade Name	**LENOX® PROTOOL LUBE®**	1-800-642-0010
Chemical Name And Synonyms	**Amine Complex - Trade Secret**	Revised Date 1/30/2013
Manufacturer's Name	**Lenox®**	Supercedes 7/15/2003
Address (Number, Street, City, State, Zip)	**301 Chestnut Street, East Longmeadow, MA 01028-0504 U.S.A.**	

SECTION II - INGREDIENTS

This Cutting Lubricant Does Not Contain Any Chemicals Listed in SARA Title III, Section 313 Of The Emergency Planning And Community Right-To-Know Act Of 1986 Or In OSHA 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z List

Note - Canadian Users: This Is Not A Controlled Product Under The WHMIS Guidelines.

Does not contain silicone

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point	99°C / 210°F		Percent Volatile By Volume%	NA
Vapor Pressure	68°F		p.H.	8.0 - 8.5
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	>Air		Evaporation Rate	NA
Solubility In Water	100%		Pour Point C/F	-25°C / -13°F
Specific Gravity (H20 = 1)	1.03		Viscosity	500 SUS
Appearance and Odor	Translucent Yellow; Characteristic Odor			

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Method Used) None	Flammable Limits None	LEL NA	UEL NA
Extinguishing Media Water or Carbon Dioxide			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures None Required			
Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards None			

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

Symptoms/Effects Of Overexposure None Known

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure None Known

Carcinogenicity No Biodegradable Yes

FIRST AID

Eyes Flush Eyes With Water For 15 Minutes. See Physician If Irritation Persists.

Skin Wash Infected Area With Soap And Water.

Ingestion Do Not Induce Vomiting. Contact A Physician As A Precautionary Measure.

Note: This Product Is Not A DOT Hazardous Material And Is Therefore Not Regulated

NA-Not Applicable NE-Not Established

Lenox 301 Chestnut Street, East Longmeadow, MA 01028-0504 U.S.A.
800-628-3030 413-525-2336
Fax: 800-223-7906 413-525-2336

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY

Stability Product is Stable And Will Not Polymerize

Incompatible Materials Strong Acids or Alkalies

Hazardous Decomposition Product None Known

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Procedures Small Amounts - Flush With Water. Large Amounts Should Be Removed And Disposed Of In Accordance With Local, State, Federal Or Provincial Regulations.

Waste Disposal Method Used Cutting Lubricant Must Be Disposed Of In Accordance With Local, State, Federal Or Provincial Regulations. Determine Waste Classification At time Of Disposal.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

***Eyewear** Use of Eye Protection Is A Good Industrial Practice Or As Required By Your Employer

Clothing/Gloves Use Impervious Gloves/Clothing As Needed Or As Required.

Respiratory None Required

Ventilation Adequate Ventilation To Maintain Level At Less Than 5mg/m^3 Air.

Work/Hygienic Practices Wash Hands With Soap And Water As Required.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Use As Directed. Store Indoors.
Protect From Freezing. If Frozen, Thaw To Room Temperature And Agitate.

PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET
PSDS No. 1.4
INCANDESCENT LAMPS
WITH LEAD SOLDER

Sylvania brand Incandescent Lamps, manufactured by OSRAM SYLVANIA Products, Inc., are exempted from the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) because they are "articles." The following information is provided by OSRAM SYLVANIA as a courtesy to its customers.

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: **Sylvania Incandescent "White", "Daylight", Frosted, or Clear Lamps with lead-soldered bases.**

This data sheet covers all of the following types unless otherwise indicated:
A15, A19 (>135 W, Rough Service, Traffic Signal), A21, BR, ER, R20, S19.

Manufacturer: OSRAM SYLVANIA Products, Inc.
835 Washington Avenue
St. Marys, PA 15857
(814) 834-1800

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Materials listed on this data sheet are contained in varying percentages in this product. Exact percentages are proprietary and will not be disclosed other than as required in accordance with the regulations.

THERE ARE NO KNOWN HEALTH HAZARDS FROM EXPOSURE TO LAMPS THAT ARE INTACT.
If a lamp is broken, some of the following materials may be released:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Hazard	Exposure Limits in Air (mg/cubic m) ACGIH (TLV)	OSHA (PEL)
Glass (Soda Lime)	---	Respiratory Irritant	10.0 (2)	15.0 (2)
(1, 3) Lead Solder (as Pb)	7439-92-1	Toxic	0.05	0.05
(1, 3) Lead Glass (as Pb)	7439-92-1	Toxic	0.05	0.05
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Respiratory Irritant	10.0	10.0
Copper (as dust)	7440-50-8	Respiratory Irritant	1.0	1.0
Phenolic Resin	---	Physical Irritant	---	---

(1) These chemicals are subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.
(2) Limits as nuisance particulate.
(3) The lead in this product is one of the substances known to the state of California to cause reproductive toxicity if ingested. [California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).]

III. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Not applicable to intact lamp.

IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Flammability: Non-combustible
Fire Extinguishing Materials: Use extinguishing agents suitable for surrounding fire.
Special Firefighting Procedure: Use a self-contained breathing apparatus to prevent inhalation of dust and/or fumes that may be generated from broken lamps during firefighting activities.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: When exposed to high temperature, toxic fumes may be released from broken lamps.

V. HEALTH HAZARD

THERE ARE NO KNOWN HEALTH HAZARDS FROM EXPOSURE TO LAMPS THAT ARE INTACT. No adverse effects are expected from occasional exposure to broken lamps. As a matter of good practice, avoid prolonged or frequent exposure to broken lamps unless there is adequate ventilation. The major hazard from broken lamps is the possibility of sustaining glass cuts.

***NIOSH/OSHA Occupational Health Guidelines for Chemical Hazards* and/or *NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards* lists the following effects of overexposure to the chemicals/materials tabulated below when they are inhaled, ingested, or contacted with skin or eye:**

Lead - Ingestion and inhalation of lead dust or fume must be avoided. Lead dust or fumes may cause irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. Excessive lead absorption can be toxic and may include symptoms such as anemia, weakness, abdominal pain, and kidney disease.

All other components of this product do not pose a significant risk of respiratory and/or physical effects.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST-AID PROCEDURES:

Glass Cuts: Perform normal first aid procedures. Seek medical attention as required.
Inhalation: If discomfort, irritation or symptoms of pulmonary involvement develop, remove from exposure and seek medical attention as needed.
Ingestion: In the unlikely event of ingesting a large quantity of material, seek medical attention immediately.
Contact, Skin: Thoroughly wash affected area with mild soap or detergent and water and prevent further contact. Seek medical attention as needed.
Contact, Eye: Wash eyes, including under eyelids, immediately with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

CARCINOGENIC ASSESSMENT (NTP ANNUAL REPORT, IARC MONOGRAPHS, OTHER): None

VI. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable
Conditions to avoid: None for intact lamps.
Incompatibility (materials to avoid): None for intact lamps.
Hazardous decomposition products (including combustion products): None for intact lamps.
Hazardous polymerization products: Will not occur.

VII. PROCEDURES FOR DISPOSAL OF LAMPS

If lamps are broken, ventilate area where breakage occurred. Clean-up by vacuuming or other method that avoids dust generation. Take usual precautions for collection of broken glass. Place materials in closed containers to avoid generating dust.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to ensure proper classification and disposal of waste products. To that end, TCLP tests should be conducted on all waste products, including this one, to determine the ultimate disposition in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations.

VIII. SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION - FOR BROKEN LAMPS

Ventilation: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below the PEL or TLV limits. If such ventilation is unavailable, use respirators as specified below.

Respiratory protection: Use appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if airborne dust concentrations exceed the pertinent PEL or TLV limits. All appropriate requirements set forth in 29 CFR 1910.134 should be met.

Eye protection: OSHA specified safety glasses, goggles or face shield are recommended if lamps are being broken.

Protective clothing: OSHA specified cut and puncture-resistant gloves are recommended for dealing with broken lamps.

Hygienic practices: After handling broken lamps, wash hands and face thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking or handling tobacco products, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities.

Issue Date: August 8, 2008 rev. B Supersedes: February 10, 2003

In case of questions, please call:

OSRAM SYLVANIA Products, Inc.
Environmental/Safety Engineer
(814) 834-1800